



Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2021

Pearson Edexcel GCSE
In Biology (1BI0) Paper 2F

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word	
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain
AO1		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description	
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning
AO3	3a	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment	
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a) (i)	<p>D nucleus</p> <p>The only correct answer is D</p> <p><i>A is not correct because mitochondria do not control the white blood cell</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because ribosomes do not control the white blood cell</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because chromosomes are only part of organelle X</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO1.1a</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a) (ii)	<p>haemoglobin (1)</p> <p>liquid (1)</p>	<p>answers must be in correct order</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO2.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a) (iii)	<p>A description including two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • make antibodies • {surround / engulf / digest} {pathogens / bacteria / viruses} • remembers pathogens / bacteria / viruses (so can react quickly to secondary infection) 	<p>accept produce memory cells</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO1.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)	10 (µm)	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO2.2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	<p>An explanation including any two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • greater resolution (1) • so greater magnification is possible (1) • so smaller structures can be seen / identified (1) 	<p>accept more detail of cell structures can be seen</p> <p>accept electrons (with a shorter wavelength) are used (instead of light) (1)</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO1.1</p>

(Total for question 1 = 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)	<p>D organism, population, community</p> <p>The only correct answer is D</p> <p><i>A is not correct because community is not the lowest level of organisation in an ecosystem</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because community is not the lowest level of organisation in an ecosystem</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because population is not the highest level of organisation in an ecosystem</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO1.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)(i)	<p>The blackbirds will be eating more caterpillars (because there are fewer slugs)</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO3 2a/b</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b) (ii)	There will be more {food / lettuce} for the caterpillars to eat (because there are fewer slugs eating the lettuce)	(1) AO3 2a/b

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(iii)	<p>A description including two from:</p> <p>The population of slugs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • falls a little (1) • (then) increases (1) • starts to level off between 2.5 and 3 years / levels off after (approximately) 4 years (1) 	<p>accept 4000 to 4700 slugs for 2.5 to 3 years accept 5100 to 5200 for 4 years</p> <p>accept population doesn't get as high as the pre slug pellet numbers (1)</p>	(2) AO3.1ab

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (c)(i)	<p>D non-indigenous</p> <p>The only correct answer is D</p> <p><i>A is not correct because pathogenic means disease causing</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because non-pathogenic means does not cause disease</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because indigenous means that the slugs have not come from another country</i></p>	(1) AO1.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)(ii)	<p>An explanation including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> parasites live in / on their host (1) parasites feed off their host (1) 	<p>accept (because the mites) live on the slug / the slug is the host (for the mites)</p> <p>accept (because the mites) feed on the slug / suck the slug's blood.</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO2.1</p>

(Total for question 2 = 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a) (i)	<p>Biuret (1)</p> <p>protein (1)</p> <p>answers must be in the correct order</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO1.2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a) (ii)	<p>B wipe up any spilt liquids</p> <p>The only correct answer is B</p> <p><i>A is not correct because using a new test tube is not a health and safety precaution.</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because measuring the volume of solutions is not a health and safety precaution</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the Biuret test does not use a Bunsen burner.</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO1.2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
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3 (b)(i)	data 6(kJ) and 30(kJ) (1) evaluation $6 \div 30 \times 100 = 20$ (%)	(2) AO2.1
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	A description including two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • it is egested (1) • used in respiration / for energy (1) • for swimming / movement / biochemical reactions / reproduction (1) • as heat (1) 	accept excreted	(2) AO2.1

(Total for question 3 = 7 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(a)	C pituitary The only correct answer is C <i>A is not correct because the adrenal glands is situated in the abdomen.</i> <i>B is not correct because the pancreas is situated in the abdomen.</i> <i>D is not correct because the thyroid gland is situated in the neck.</i>	(1) AO1.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)			(2)

	<p>person</p> <p>person A (type 1)</p> <p>person B (type 2)</p> <p>cause</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> does not have a pancreas cannot digest fatty foods does not produce insulin has cells that have stopped responding to insulin cannot transport insulin in the blood <p>Do not award mark if two lines are drawn from Person A (type1) box</p> <p>Do not award mark if two lines are drawn from person B (type 2) box</p>	AO1.1
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	<p>A description including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> as the waist to hip ratio increases the probability of developing type 2 diabetes increases (1) accurate data from the results is used in the answer (1) 	<p>accept as one increases, the other increases</p> <p>ignore the columns get bigger</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO3.1ab</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(ii)	<p>evaluation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $(78.3 \div 90.0) = 0.87$ (1) 		(2)

	probability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 21(%) 	award full marks for correct answer no working	AO2.1
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(d)(i)	Any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> age (1) diet (1) exercise regime (1) ethnicity (1) genetic makeup (1) 	accept other valid factors	(2) AO3.3b

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(d)(ii)	their high BMI is due to a high % of muscle (instead of fat)	accept their waist to hip ratio is low	(1) AO3.3ab

(Total for question 4 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	An explanation including two from:		(2) AO2.1

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • food security will have decreased (1) • (because there was) less food / a reduced variety of food (1) • because {food / potatoes} {did not develop / could not be harvested / food could not be obtained from other countries} (1) 	accept other valid reasons to explain why food security is reduced	
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(b)(i)	<p>C 50%</p> <p>The only correct answer is C</p> <p><i>A is not correct because 0% is too low</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because 25% is too low</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because 75% is too high.</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>A01.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	An answer including two from		<p>(2)</p> <p>A03.1ab</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> as the temperature increases (up to 40°C) the % of mould increases (1) no (growth of) mould at {0°C / below 20°C} (1) more growth of mould at 40°C than at 20°C (1) 	accept 40°C is the optimum temperature for mould (growth)	
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(iii)	<p>An explanation including two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> enzymes don't work (at 60°C) / enzymes are denatured (1) active site shape changed so can't fit with substrate (1) so (biochemical) reactions won't {take place / occur quickly enough} (1) 	<p>accept mould is killed (1)</p> <p>accept the bread was too dry (for the mould to grow) (1)</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>A03.2ab</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
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5(c)	Oxygen (allows mould to grow) / mould (spores) can enter the bag	(1) AO2.1
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(d)	<p>An explanation including two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • too cold (1) • (for) enzymes to work effectively (1) • (biochemical) reactions occur too slowly (1) 	accept respiration for reactions.	(2) AO1.1

(Total for question 5 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6a(i)	<p>D 10 4</p> <p>The only correct answer is D</p> <p><i>A is not correct because for oxygen to diffuse into the Amoeba the concentration must be lower than in the water.</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because for oxygen to diffuse into the Amoeba the concentration must be lower than in the water.</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because for oxygen to diffuse into the Amoeba the concentration must be lower than in the water.</i></p>	(1) AO2.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(aii)	carbon dioxide + water	accept CO ₂ for carbon dioxide H ₂ O for water	(1) AO1.1

		reject CO ₂ , CO ₂ . H ₂ O and H ₂ O products can be in either order.	
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)(i)	<p>A increases increases</p> <p>The only correct answer is A</p> <p><i>B is not correct because a decrease in blood glucose concentration would decrease the rate of respiration</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because a decrease in heart rate would decrease the rate of respiration</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because a decrease in heart rate and blood glucose concentration would decrease the rate of respiration</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO1.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)	<p>Evaluation $(24.7 \times 2.7) = 66.69$ (1)</p> <p>rounded to one decimal place: 66.7</p>	<p>award 1 mark for correctly rounding an incorrectly calculated answer</p> <p>award full marks for correct answer with no working shown.</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO1.1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(b)(iii)	An investigation including four from:	<p>(4)</p> <p>AO1.2</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a factor to control about the groups e.g. same age / same BMI (range) (1) • a factor to control about the environment where the test takes place e.g. in the same room / same type of running machine (1) • measure breathing rate / count breaths in set time (1) • calculations of means (1) • repeat investigation (1) 	
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)	lactic acid	accept lactate	(1) AO1.1

(Total for question 6 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7(a)	<p>A the upper leaves allow more light to reach the lower leaves</p> <p>The only correct answer is A</p> <p><i>B is not correct because the arrangement of leaves does not affect the need for stomata.</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because the phloem does not absorb water and would not explain the leaf arrangement.</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the leaves would not be arranged to increase the amount of leaf eaten by insects.</i></p>	(1) AO2.1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)	measurement 20 mm (1)	accept ± 2 mm	(3)

	substitution $20 \div 0.05$ (1) evaluation 400 (times)	accept 18 to $22 \div 0.05$ accept 360 to 440 (times) award full marks for answer with no working shown	AO2.2
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Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(c)	An explanation including <ul style="list-style-type: none"> there are fewer stomata in plants in dry soils (so) less water is lost by plants in dry soils / (because) plants lose water through stomata OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> there are more stomata in plants in wet soils (1) (as) more water can be lost by plants in wet soils / (because) plants lose water through stomata (1) 	accept as the soils get wetter the number of stomata increases accept as the soils get wetter the number of stomata increases	(2) AO3.1ab

Question Number	Indicative content	Mark
7(d)*	AO1	(6)

	<p>Observations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the plant stem bends the stem is longer/taller the plant is now growing upwards / towards light plant has more leaves <p>explanations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> plant hormone / auxin more hormone / auxin on shaded side cell elongation (on shaded side) (positive) phototropism (negative) gravitropism more cells / cell division growing towards light so (the leaves) are not in shade (e.g. of other plants) to absorb more light for photosynthesis 	AO1.1
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Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates elements of biological understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. Presents an explanation with some structure and coherence.
Level 2	3-4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates biological understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. Presents an explanation that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical.
Level 3	5-6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates accurate and relevant biological understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. Presents an explanation that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical.

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • makes an observation about how the plant growth has changed • linked to a simple explanation as to why the growth has changed
Level 2	3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • makes observations about how the plant growth has changed • linked to an explanation as to why the growth has changed using some relevant scientific terminology
Level 3	5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • makes observations about more than two ways the plant growth has changed • linked to clear explanations as to why the growth has changed using relevant scientific terminology

(Total for Question 7 = 12 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)	<p>A description including two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • have chlorophyll / chloroplasts (1) • (by) photosynthesis (1) • absorbing / using (sun)light (1) • (to react) water with carbon dioxide (1) 	accept symbol / word equations	<p>(2)</p> <p>AO2 1</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)	Any one from bacteria / fungi / decomposers / prokaryotes	accept microorganisms accept named decomposing organisms e.g. worms	(1) AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)	A description including two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (dissolved) in water (1) • diffusion through the root (1) • (so water moves) through the xylem (1) • by transpiration (stream) (1) • into leaves by diffusion (1) 	accept active transport through the plant reject phloem accept evaporated from the leaves	(2) AO2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d) (i)	An explanation linking: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • as light intensity decreases the number of (small) plants (per m²) decreases (1) • because the (small) plants will not be able to photosynthesise enough (1) 	accept reverse argument	(2) AO3 1ab

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d) (ii)	<p>Any one from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • same time of day (1) • same meter (1) • same position(s) in area / measure the same size area (1) • same person makes the readings (1) • meter held vertically each time (1) 	<p>accept other valid variables that should be controlled</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>AO3 1ab</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(e)	<p>A description including three from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> place a quadrat along a {rope / tape} measure (1) tape measure to measure along the transect (1) measure light intensity at different distances (from the wood) (1) measure the stinging nettles {along the transect / at different light intensities} (1) way of measuring growth of stinging nettles (in the quadrats) (1) 	<p>reject quadrant accept good descriptions of quadrats – e.g. ½ metre wire square</p> <p>accept use a light meter/lux meter</p> <p>accept named examples – e.g. {height / mass/ dry mass / number of leaves / number of plants}</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p>AO3 3a</p>

(Total for question 8 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a diagram of the cell that reflects its shape and some of the structures (1) with any three cell structures from {nucleus / cytoplasm / membrane / cilia} (3) 	ignore a 'textbook' diagram that does not resemble cell A	<p>(4)</p> <p>AO1 2</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(a)(ii)	to {move/waft} {mucus / bacteria / dust} (1)	ignore stop bacteria entering the body / trap bacteria	(1) AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(b)	<p>measurement (2.5 – 0 =) 2.5 (cm) (1)</p> <p>calculation (25 ÷ 10 =) 2.5 (mm per minute)</p>	<p>accept 25 (mm)</p> <p>ecf for incorrect reading divided by 10 (1)</p> <p>award full marks for correct answer with no working</p>	(2) AO1 1

Question Number	Indicative content	Mark
9(c)*	<p style="text-align: center;">A01</p> <p>General points about gas exchange</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • air is breathed in and out of the lungs • oxygen is absorbed (into blood) • carbon dioxide is released (from blood) • by diffusion <p>Adaptations of alveoli for gas exchange</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • breathing maintains high concentration of oxygen in alveoli / lungs. • breathing maintains low concentration of carbon dioxide in alveoli / lungs. • many alveoli • large surface area • so that more oxygen is absorbed / more carbon dioxide is released • are moist • so oxygen /carbon dioxide can dissolve / is able to move across into the blood • surrounded by (network of) capillaries blood vessels • has a (good) blood supply / (many) red blood cells • keeps oxygen concentration low in blood • keeps carbon dioxide concentration high in blood • to absorb oxygen (quickly) • to remove carbon dioxide (quickly) • membranes / alveolar walls / cells are thin • membranes / alveolar walls / cells are permeable • allows oxygen / carbon dioxide to move through 	<p>(6) Exp</p> <p>A01 1</p>

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates elements of biological understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. • Presents an explanation with some structure and coherence.
Level 2	3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates biological understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. • Presents an explanation that has a structure which is mostly clear, coherent and logical.
Level 3	5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates accurate and relevant biological understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. • Presents an explanation that has a well-developed structure which is clear, coherent and logical.

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance
	0	No rewardable material.
Level 1	1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes a simple reference to a feature of alveoli, oxygen or carbon dioxide • Linked to gas exchange
Level 2	3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explains an adaptation of alveoli • Linked to a reference to oxygen or carbon dioxide
Level 3	5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explains more than one adaptation of alveoli • linked to oxygen and carbon dioxide

(Total for question 9 = 13 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(a)	a labelled line X to either kidney	accept X written on a kidney	(1) AO2 1

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10(b)	<p>A amino acids</p> <p>The only correct answer is A</p> <p><i>B is not correct because sugars are not converted to urea in the liver</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because lipids are not converted to urea in the liver</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because potassium ions are not converted to urea in the liver</i></p>	(1) AO1 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(c)(i)	<p>A description including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • blood is filtered (in a dialysis machine) (1) • urea moves {out of the blood / into dialysis solution} (1) • by diffusion (1) 	accept tube for blood	(2) AO2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(c)(ii)	<p>Any one from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> patient B has {kidney failure / disease} which is less advanced than patient A (1) patient B may have a {better diet / low protein diet} (1) 	accept patient B only just developed kidney disease	(1) AO2 1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(d)	<p>A description including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add Benedict's solution (to some dialysis fluid) (1) {heat / boil / put in water bath} (1) see if it turns {green / yellow / orange / red} (1) 	accept brown	(3) AO2 2

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
10(e)	<p>An explanation including three of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> enzymes are specific (1) their shape is complementary to their substrate (1) so starch will not fit into the active site (of urease) (1) so no reaction can take place. (1) 	accept amylase only acts on starch	(3) AO2 1

(Total for question 10 = 11 marks)